1,642 Americans are still listed by DoD as missing and unaccounted-for from the Vietnam War: Vietnam - 1,275 (VN-469 VS-806); Laos - 307; Cambodia - 53; Peoples Republic of China territorial waters - 7. (These numbers occasionally fluctuate due to investigations resulting in changed locations of loss.) The League seeks the fullest possible accounting for those still missing and repatriation of all recoverable remains. The League’s highest priority is accounting for Americans last known alive. Official intelligence indicates that Americans known to be in captivity in Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia were not returned at the end of the war. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, it must be assumed that these Americans could still be alive, and the US Government does not rule out that possibility.

Historically, Vietnam established a comprehensive wartime and post-war process to collect and retain information and remains; thus, unilateral efforts by them to locate and return remains and provide records offered significant potential. Vietnam has taken many unilateral actions that are welcome and appreciated, but more can and should be done. In May, 2012, Hanoi responded to earlier commitments to provide long-sought archival records with relevant, case-related information, thanks to renewal of working-level efforts, as well as high level attention by the Departments of State and Defense. These and more recent actions offer real promise for greater success. Although first undertaken in northern Vietnam in 1985, joint field operations have dramatically changed and are now increasingly effective. Vietnamese officials are participating with greater seriousness and professionalism, achieving increased results. The process now includes both US-led Joint Excavation Teams and Vietnamese Recovery Teams (VRTs), led by Vietnamese and comprised of fewer US personnel. This formula allows a greater number of teams to “increase the pace and scope of field operations,” as requested by Vietnam during discussions since 2009. Due to the increase in military-to-military relations, US Navy assets are increasingly allowed to participate in underwater survey and recovery operations. These steps, long advocated by the League, are now coming to fruition and are routinely raised by US officials at all levels.

Until recently, joint field operations in Laos were increasingly productive, even though more difficult than elsewhere. Accounting efforts had slowed due to recent Lao Government attempts to over-price payment for helicopter support and deny permission for ground transportation to accessible incident sites. Laos is now showing greater flexibility, has increased the number of US personnel permitted in-country, is allowing ground transportation to accessible sites and has renewed a business license to a foreign company to provide reliable, smaller helicopter support. Vietnamese witnesses are also allowed to participate in joint operations in Laos and Cambodia, when needed. Most recently, the Lao Government agreed to permit the Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) POW/MIA specialist from the Stony Beach Team to operate outside the confines of scheduled Joint POW/MIA Accounting Command (JPAC) field operations, but there are still some obstacles to access that need to be addressed. After overcoming successive budget crises, at least temporarily, the remaining obstacle to increasing the pace and scope of accounting efforts in Laos is having available a sufficient number of qualified scientists to lead recovery teams, a problem now being addressed by the US Pacific Command (PACOM) and JPAC.

Related to DIA’s Stony Beach Team, one Stony Beach Cambodia specialist works full time at the US Embassy in Phnom Penh, and research and field operations in Cambodia have received excellent support. Two Stony Beach personnel have for years rotated on temporary duty in and out of Vietnam, collecting information via archival research and interviews of potential sources. Vietnam was long ago requested to give, and is still considering, permanent status for these two POW/MIA specialists, and the US Ambassador has strongly supported this important move. The US Ambassador to Laos has also supported full use of the Lao specialist. It is hoped that the expanded bilateral relationships with Laos and Vietnam will mean these positive decisions are not further delayed. All of the Stony Beach specialists are sorely needed to augment the investigation process and to facilitate locating additional incident sites for follow-up recoveries.

Over 80% of US losses in Laos and 90% in Cambodia occurred in areas where Vietnam’s forces operated during the war. Thankfully, Vietnam has recently begun to be more responsive to renewed US requests for case-specific records on our losses in these countries. Unilateral actions by the respective governments, archival records research, interviews and field operations are the core means of increased accounting for missing Americans. Renewed working-level efforts may enable significant gaps in information to be filled.
Live Sightings: As of January 23, 2013 (date of last data provided), 1,995 first-hand live sighting reports have been received since 1975, none recently. 1,942 (97.34%) were resolved: 1,341 (67.22%) equated to Americans previously accounted for (i.e. returned POWs, missionaries or civilians detained for violating SRV codes); 45 (2.26%) correlated to wartime sightings of military personnel or pre-1975 sightings of civilians still unaccounted for; 556 (27.87%) were determined to be fabrications. The remaining 53 (2.66%) unresolved first-hand reports are the focus of continuing analytical and collection efforts: 47 (2.36%) concern Americans reported in a captive environment; 6 (0.30%) are non-captive sightings. The years in which these 53 first-hand sightings occurred are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Accountability: At the end of the Vietnam War, there reportedly were 2,583 unaccounted-for American prisoners, missing or killed in action/body not recovered. As of March 11, 2014, the Defense POW/MIA Office still lists 1,642 Americans as missing and unaccounted-for, 90+% of them in Vietnam or in areas of Cambodia and Laos where Vietnamese forces operated during the war. A breakdown by year of recovery for the 941 Americans accounted for from Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia and China since the end of the war in 1975 follows:

1965-1974  War years: (recently identified)  2
1974-1975  Post war years:  28
1976-1978  US/SRV normalization negotiations  47
1979-1980  US/SRV talks break down  1
1981-1985  1st Reagan Administration  23
1985-1989  2nd Reagan Administration  166
1989-1993  George H.W. Bush Administration  125
1993-1997  1st Clinton Administration  326
1997-2001  2nd Clinton Administration  53
2001-2004  1st George W. Bush Administration  63
2004-2008  2nd George W. Bush Administration  62
2008-2012  1st Obama Administration  44
2012-2014  2nd Obama Administration  1

According to JPAC, unilateral SRV repatriations of remains with scientific evidence of storage have accounted for only 181 of the 640 from Vietnam; two were mistakenly listed as KIA/BNR in Vietnam in 1968, but remains were actually recovered at that time. All but seven of the 261 Americans accounted-for in Laos since the end of the war have been the result of joint excavations. The seven remains were recovered and turned over by indigenous personnel, six from Laos and one from Vietnam. In addition, three persons identified were recovered in Vietnam before the end of the war. There follows a breakdown by country of the 941 Americans accounted for since the end of the Vietnam War in 1975:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vietnam</th>
<th>640</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An additional 63 US personnel were accounted for between 1973 and 1975, a grand total of 1,004. These Americans were accounted for by unilateral US effort in areas where the US could gain access at that time, not due to government-to-government cooperation with the post-war governments of Vietnam, Laos or Cambodia.

For the latest information, call the League’s Office (703) 465-7432 or log onto the League web site: www.pow-miafamilies.org

NATIONAL COMBINED FEDERAL CAMPAIGN ELIGIBILITY #10218